## Hummingbirds: What did you learn?

\_\_\_\_ collects on their head and bill.
They can \_\_\_\_\_, fly forwards, backwards and upside down.
The Giant Hummingbird is the \_\_\_\_\_.
They have a long thin \_\_\_\_\_.
They \_\_\_\_\_ hundreds of flowers each day.

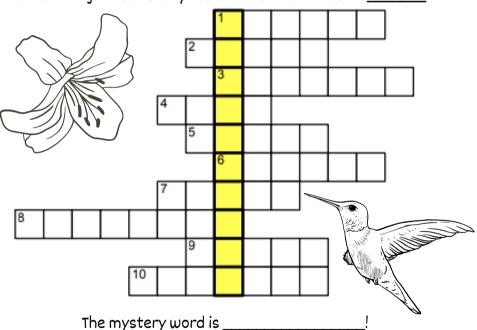
6. Hummingbirds drink \_\_\_\_\_\_.7. A group of hummingbirds is called a \_\_\_\_\_\_

8. They are one of the kinds of birds in the world.

9. They get their person from the

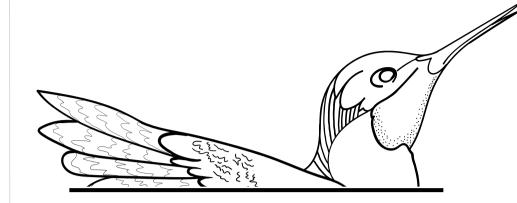
9. They get their name from the \_\_\_\_\_ of their beating wings.

10. Hummingbirds are only found in North and South \_\_\_

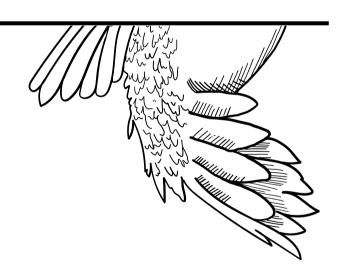


## Did you know?

- Hummingbird's wings can flap 50 times per second.
- Hummingbird's cannot walk. They can only hop, perch and fly.
- A group of hummingbirds is called a <u>charm</u>.
- A hummingbird <u>visits</u> hundreds of flowers each day, consuming more than its weight in nectar!



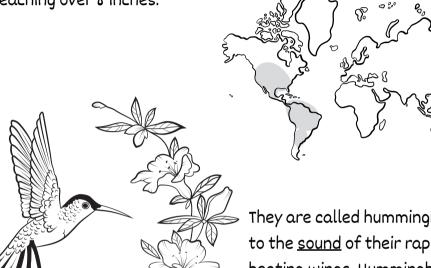
## **HUMMINGBIRDS**



This book belongs to:



There are more than 340 species of hummingbirds, but they are only found in North and South America. Hummingbirds are one of the <u>smallest</u> kinds of birds in the world. The Bee Hummingbird is the smallest at just 2 inches. The <u>largest</u> is the Giant Hummingbird reaching over 8 inches.



They are called hummingbirds due to the <u>sound</u> of their rapidly beating wings. Hummingbirds can hover, fly forwards, backwards, and even upside down!

In fact, depending on the activity, they can flap their wings upwards of 200 times a minute! Hummingbirds have a long thin <u>bill</u> to reach the <u>nectar</u> in a flower. While drinking, <u>pollen</u> collects on their head and bill. As they travel from flower to flower pollen is deposited. This makes the hummingbird an accidental pollinator.

